The mission of the New York State Bridge Authority is to maintain and operate the vehicle crossings of the Hudson River entrusted to its jurisdiction for the economic and social benefit of the people of the State. The Authority will maintain the vehicular bridges and related infrastructure in good condition for the benefit of the travelling public, provide for long-term financial stability of the Authority, and do so at the lowest cost consistent with long term safety and stability. The Authority will provide for accountability and transparency in its operations.

In 2018, as in previous years, the Authority continued to meet this mission as it operated six superstructures, with a replacement value over $2.0 billion, together with their ancillary facilities, at one of the lowest tolls in the nation for a self-supporting transportation entity. In fact, since it came into existence 86 years ago, the Authority has raised tolls only three times in its history. In January 2012, the most recent toll schedule revision, the Authority’s round-trip base toll was $1.50 for cash customers and $1.25 for E-ZPass customers, both lower than the toll charged for the first crossing in 1933.

Maintaining the bridge system, which averages 77 years of age, requires constant monitoring and care. Given the proper maintenance, these spans have an indefinite lifespan. To that end, the Bridge Authority’s capital improvement program is driven by annual bridge inspections conducted by independent engineers. Each year three vehicular bridges receive in-depth detailed biennial inspections that meet or exceed the criteria of both federal and state mandatory bridge inspection programs. The inspectors also do a thorough, but less intensive, inspection of the other three vehicular bridges to review the maintenance work done since the last biennial inspection and to identify changing conditions that may require an immediate response.

The Authority ended 2018 with a small traffic increase as compared to 2017. Year over year traffic growth of 0.3 million vehicles or 0.52%. Due to the mix of traffic the resulting revenues increased only $0.2 million, or 0.33%. Given the traffic growth since the last toll schedule revision from $54.8 million in 2013, the first full year of the current toll schedule, revenue of $59.0 million in 2018 has helped the Authority’s overall financial position and increased the longevity of the current toll schedule.

The Authority began the direct sales of E-ZPass in full service toll lanes in 2013 at each of the toll plazas. In 2018, as in prior years, the Authority executed a radio media campaign to further awareness of the benefits of E-ZPass and encourage E-ZPass utilization. The additional convenience of buying a tag at the booth has been very successful with the Authority selling 52,363 tags since inception. While by itself it is difficult to evaluate the incremental E-ZPass utilization attributable to this initiative, the Authority continues to see increased E-ZPass utilization throughout 2018 with overall utilization of 76% for the full year.
In 2018 the Authority completed a 1,332 solar panel array constructed at the west end of the Kingston-Rhinecliff Bridge. The 486KW array will generate 26% of the electricity used by the Authority and reduce CO₂ emissions by 356 metric tons per year. This project was part of Governor Andrew M. Cuomo’s Clean Energy Standard which requires 50 percent of New York’s electricity to come from renewable energy sources, such as wind and solar, by 2030.

The Authority also performed several projects to maintain the bridges entrusted to it. Those include: completion of a new catwalk used for maintenance purposes at the Newburgh-Beacon Bridge; completion of main cable inspections at the Bear Mountain and Mid-Hudson Bridges; completion of steel repairs at the Walkway Over the Hudson; and system wide security improvements through the installation of enhancements to its automated incident detection systems. All of which were performed to maintain the bridges at the highest possible standards and improve the safety and efficiency of traffic flow for the travelling public.

In 2018, Standard & Poor’s downgraded the Authority from AA- to A+ long term rating on the Authority’s outstanding general revenue bonds with a stable outlook. This downgrade was associated with Standard & Poor’s implementation of an updated ratings criteria. This new criteria considered capital program spending in the computation for net revenue, lowering net revenue for their review despite strong resolution operating expenditures and more funds available for supporting the capital program than prior year. Moody’s Investors Service in 2018 assigned an Aa3 rating to the Series 2012 General Revenue Bonds and affirmed the rating for the Aa3 parity bond rating with a stable outlook.